

**Amendments to the Claims:**

The following Listing of Claims replaces all prior versions and listings of the claims in this application.

**Listing of the Claims:**

1.-30. (Canceled).

31. (Currently Amended) A device for stretching ~~the~~ haptics of a deformable intraocular lens, the lens in un-deformed state comprising a) a roughly disc shaped optic part, defining an optic plane and a concentric optic axis normal to the plane, configured to act as a lens when inserted into an eye, and b) at least two elongated haptic legs, each leg having an inner end attached to the optic part, an outer end being free and intermediate points in between the inner end and the free end, each leg being curved in an unstressed state, the curvature defining a curve plane for each leg, and being flexible to at least a less curved configuration under stress, the device comprising i) at least two haptic guiding surfaces respectively arranged for ~~the~~ at least two haptic legs, ~~the guiding surfaces having less curvature than the legs in un-stressed state~~, ii) a seat ~~for the lens~~ arranged with respect to the guiding surfaces so as to allow, when a lens is positioned in the seat, contact between a first point on each leg and its corresponding guiding surface, and iii) a lens guiding arrangement ~~allowing the~~ operable to allow a lens positioned in the seat to be moved along a path in the optic axis direction to bring ~~bringing~~ at least a second point on each leg into contact with, or closer to, its corresponding guiding surface, to orient each leg to a less curved state, wherein the guiding surfaces have a height which covers at least a part of the path in

the optic axis direction, ~~which is variable when seen along and in a direction in or parallel with the haptic plane,~~ and which decreases in directions out from the seat.

32. – 33. (Cancelled).

34. (Previously Presented) The device of claim 31, wherein the guiding surfaces are substantially straight.

35. (Cancelled).

36. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 31, wherein the guiding ~~surface~~ surfaces are positioned so as to contact ~~the~~ an inner, concave, side of ~~the leg~~ respective legs.

37. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 36, wherein one or more additional surfaces are ~~placed also on the~~ positioned so as to contact a convex side of a leg.

38. (Withdrawn) The device of claim 31, wherein two guiding surfaces are arranged in an angled relationship.

39. (Original) The device of claim 31, wherein two guiding surfaces are arranged in a coinciding, parallel or aligned relationship.

40. (Previously Presented) The device of claim 39, wherein the two guiding surfaces point substantially in opposite directions.

41. - 43. (Cancelled).

44. (Original) The device of claim 31, wherein the guiding surfaces are arranged fixed in relation to each other.

45. (Original) The device of claim 31, wherein the seat is arranged to accommodate the lens optic in substantially unstressed condition.

46. - 47. (Cancelled).

48. (Withdrawn) The device of claim 31, wherein the seat is arranged fixed in relation to the guiding surfaces.

49. (Withdrawn) The device of claim 48, wherein the fixed seat is arranged to allow movement of the lens optic.

50. (Cancelled).

51. (Currently Amended) A device for stretching ~~the~~ haptics of a deformable intraocular lens, the lens in un-deformed state comprising a) a roughly disc shaped optic part, defining an optic plane and a concentric optic axis normal to the plane, configured to act as a lens when inserted into an eye, and b) at least two elongated haptic legs, each leg having an inner end attached to the optic part, an outer end being free and intermediate points in between the inner end and the free end, each leg being curved in an unstressed state, the curvature defining a curve plane for each leg, and being flexible to at least a less curved configuration under stress, the device comprising i) at least two haptic guiding surfaces respectively arranged for ~~the~~ at least two haptic legs, ~~the guiding surfaces having less curvature than the legs in un-stressed state~~, ii) a seat ~~for the lens~~ arranged with respect to the guiding surfaces so as to allow, when a lens is positioned in the seat, contact between a first point on each leg and its corresponding guiding surface, and iii) a lens guiding arrangement ~~allowing the~~ operable to allow a lens positioned in the seat to be moved along a path in the optic axis direction to bring ~~bringing~~ at least a second point on each leg into contact with, or closer to, its corresponding guiding surface, to orient each leg to a less curved state, wherein the seat is a part separate from the guiding surfaces and includes a securement structure, wherein the device includes to secure the lens in an orientation by cooperation with corresponding structures on or at the guiding surfaces or a support for the guiding surfaces, and wherein the securement structure and the corresponding structures are operable to cooperate to secure a lens in an orientation.

52. (Original) The device of claim 31, wherein the lens guiding arrangement is arranged to reduce the curvature between the first point and the second point during lens movement.

53.-56. (Cancelled).

57. (Previously Presented) The device of claim 31, wherein the seat is arranged movable in the optic axis direction.

58. (Original) The device of claim 57, wherein the seat is arranged movable in a channel.

59. (Currently Amended) The ~~device~~ combination of claim 81 ~~56~~, wherein the first point is close to the leg inner end.

60.-61. (Cancelled).

62. (Previously Presented) The device of claim 31, wherein the device is adapted to act as a package for the lens in stressed or unstressed condition.

63. (Currently Amended) ~~The~~ A combination, comprising the device of claim 31, and a receptacle, wherein the device is arranged for transfer of the lens with stretched legs to ~~a~~ the receptacle.

64. (Currently Amended) The combination ~~device~~ of claim 63, wherein a delivery opening is arranged on the device and a reception opening is arranged on the receptacle, the delivery opening and reception opening being connectable to form a transfer opening for transfer of the lens.

65. (Withdrawn and Currently Amended) The combination ~~device~~ of claim 64, wherein at least the reception opening can be closed.

66. (Withdrawn and Currently Amended) The combination ~~device~~ of claim 65, wherein the delivery opening and the reception opening can be misaligned for closing.

67. (Currently Amended) The combination ~~device~~ of claim 64, wherein the transfer opening is elongated and adapted for passage of the stretched legs and the optic.

68. (Currently Amended) The combination ~~device~~ of claim 67, wherein the transfer opening is narrower than the lens optic in unstressed state.

69. (Currently Amended) The combination ~~device~~ of claim 63, wherein the receptacle is generally tube shaped with an interior duct, defining a duct axis.

70. (Currently Amended) The combination ~~device~~ of claim 69, wherein a transfer opening extends on the tube periphery substantially parallel with the duct axis.

71. (Currently Amended) The combination ~~device~~ of claim 69, wherein the duct diameter is less than the unstressed optic diameter.

72. (Currently Amended) The combination ~~device~~ of claim 63, wherein the receptacle is an implanter, or part of an implanter, adapted for insertion of the lens into the eye.

73. (Currently Amended) The combination ~~device~~ of claim 72, wherein the implanter has a plunger arrangement for moving the lens.

74. - 78. (Cancelled).

79. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 31, wherein the device comprises handles for facilitating manual manipulation of a ~~the~~ lens along the path.

80. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 31, wherein the device is adapted to act as a package for a ~~the~~ lens in unstressed condition.

81. (New) A combination, comprising the device of claim 31 and a deformable intraocular lens, the lens in un-deformed state comprising a) a roughly disc shaped optic part defining an optic plane and a concentric optic axis normal to the plane, configured to act as a lens when inserted into an eye, and b) at least two elongated haptic legs, each leg having an inner end attached to the optic part, an outer end being free and intermediate points in between the inner end and the free end, each leg being curved in an unstressed state, the curvature defining a haptic curve plane for each leg, and being flexible to at least a less curved configuration under stress, wherein the guiding surfaces have less curvature than the legs in the unstressed state.

82. (New) The combination of claim 81, wherein the guiding surfaces have extensions in the haptic planes corresponding with the whole length between the inner end and the free end of the respective leg.

83. (New) The combination of claim 81, wherein the guiding surfaces have extensions in the haptic planes covering a length corresponding to the respective leg length in the stretched straight condition.

84. (New) A combination, comprising the device of claim 51 and a deformable intraocular lens, the lens in un-deformed state comprising a) a roughly disc shaped optic part defining an optic plane and a concentric optic axis normal to the plane, configured to act as a lens when inserted into an eye, and b) at least two elongated haptic legs, each leg having an inner end



attached to the optic part, an outer end being free and intermediate points in between the inner end and the free end, each leg being curved in an unstressed state, the curvature defining a haptic curve plane for each leg, and being flexible to at least a less curved configuration under stress, wherein the guiding surfaces have less curvature than the legs in the unstressed state.

85. (New) The device of claim 51, wherein the seat securement structure comprises a pair of guide fins adapted to cooperate with separations between the guiding surfaces to orient the lens.